

## CONTINUITY OF ABSOLUTE VALUE

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**Exercise.** Use the  $\epsilon$ - $\delta$  definition of continuity to prove that  $f(x) = |x|$  is continuous.

**Proof.** We will show  $f(x) = |x|$  is continuous at  $x_0$ . Let  $\epsilon > 0$ . We must find a  $\delta > 0$  so that  $|x - x_0| < \delta$  implies  $|f(x) - f(x_0)| < \epsilon$ .

Let  $\delta = \epsilon$  and choose an  $x$  so that  $|x - x_0| < \delta$ . We break into two cases.

- If both  $x$  and  $x_0$  are non-negative or both are non-positive then

$$||x| - |x_0|| = |x - x_0| < \delta = \epsilon.$$

- If  $x$  and  $x_0$  have opposite signs then  $|x - x_0| = |x| + |x_0|$ . By the triangle inequality,

$$||x| - |x_0|| \leq ||x| + |-x_0|| = |x| + |x_0| = |x - x_0| < \delta = \epsilon.$$

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